BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

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BEYOND SEAS.

Polish Expulsion From Germany Exciting High Feeling in Austria. Marshal Von Moltke Very Ill.-Men-of-War Assembling in Suda Bay.

Bealis, Feb. 17.—Yesterday's stormy session in the Austrian Reichsrath definitely proves that Prussia's proposed expulsion of the Poles is causing the most intense excitement throughout the Polish portions of the Hapsburg domain. The Austrian Polish press is filled with attacks so bitter, and often so libelous against the German Chancellor because of his recent policy, that the German party in the Austrian Parliament has indignantly and effectually protested against their continuance. Herr Pickerst, during yesterday's session with caustic criticism, read an extract from a Gallician paper describing Prince Bismarck as being habitually drank on porter and copnac, and asserting that he was more beast than man. Herr Pickerst said it was true that this Gallician journal had been suppressed by the authorities, but that had been done only after its scurritousnesse had been dealed by aging that it was obvictually dealed by aging that it was obvictually dealed by aging that it was obvictually and the alliance between Austria and Germany was purely official in its character and that it had no foundation in the sympathies of a large portion of the people of both empires.

London, Feb. 17.—Two German, one Prench, one Italian and one Austrian memor-war have joined the British squadron in Suda Bay. The Greek Admirral will not fight if threatened, but will merely exchange shots, and then haid down his flag. The commanders of the French, Italian and Austrian memor-war have joined the British Government's Greek policy is founded on the belief that war between Turkey and Greece would postpone rather than accelerate the settlement of the Greek claims, Greece, the News declares, must trust Mr. Gladstone, and yield.

BERLIN, Feb. 17.—Count Von Moltke, Chief Marshai of the German Empire is serious; ill. It is later stated that Count Von Moltke is suffering from a slight attack of asthma, and that his doctors do not think his condition is serious. so bitter, and often so libelous against the German Chancellor because of his recent

FOUR CHILDREN CREMATED. Distressing Occurrence on an Island in

Chesspeake Bay. ONANCOCK, VA., Feb. 17.-Persons arriving here late Monday night from Tangier Island, Chesapeake Bay, brought intelligence of a terrible burning accident that occurred there on Sunday afternoon Four small children undertook to build a fire with coal oil. The can exploded, scattering the burning fluid over the children and ignifing their clothing. There were no grown people in the house at the time, and the children were so frightened that they ran out with their blazing garments into the open air. Their cry for help soon attracted the attention of the neighbors, but not before the children had been so badly burned that two of them have since died, and the other two are fatally injured. The unfortunate little ones are children of Wat. Fruitt and Lee Cooper, two well-known citizens of the island. All the children were under twelve years of age. gence of a terrible burning accident that

The Senate Means Fight.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17 .- About twenty Republican Senators met in caucus this morning. Senator Edmunds admitted rescolutions from the Judiciary Committee, embodying the views of the Republican members respecting the rights of the Senate to information from the heads of excelutive departments. The resolutions were approved, and it was decided that they shall be affered in open session in the Senate. The resolutions are three in number. The first deciares that the action of the Attorney-General in refusing to furnish information when called upon by the Senate, no matter what his motive may have been, was reprehensible. The second declares that where the Senate has called or may call upon heads of departments for information regarding removals from of ice, and the information is not furnished as requested, the Senate will not confirm the appointee. The third condemns the disregard of the law which requires that in selections for office preference be given to honorably discharged Union soldiers and sailors. It is understood that these resolutions will be laid before the Judiciary Committee at its next meeting with a view to having them reported to the Senate immediately thereafter. olutions from the Judiciary Committee,

He Dreaded Exposure.

St. Louis, Feb. 17 .- Fishermen at Caronelelet this morning saw a curious object floating in mid stream, which was caught, and proved to be a man's body incased in ice. The appearance of the body indicated that it had probably been in the river fully two weeks. Letters found a bout the body proved beyond question that the deceased was the late Rev. Jesse B. Braly, of Nortonville, Ky., and that he committed suicide by jumping into the river. The cause of this action is shown to be, from those same letters, the fear of the result of an investigation then going on in relation to his private affairs and habits, which it is hinted were not beyond reproach. floating in mid stream, which was caught,

Mataworas, Mexico, Feb. 17.—The military commander of this district received a report yesterday from up the river that cavalry scouts had succeeded in capturing a portion of 1,100 rifles recently snuggled across the Rio Grande from Texas, near Torus has Priestas and Larascita, in Tamaulipas. These arms, it is reported, were to be used in a revolution that is on the tapis in an interior State.

Indian Scholar Dies on His Way Home. Cucaso, Feb. 17.—A young Indian, named Red Eagle, on his way from the Indian Training School at Philadelphia to his home at Pine Ridge Agescy, Dakota, died on the Northwestern railway this afternoon of consumption. He was accompanied by nine other Indians, also on their way home from school. He had been urged not to attempt to undertake the journey.

Died at the Age of 120.

Sr. Catharines, Ont., Feb. 17.—An old colored woman named Sarab Taylor died yesterday in the Township of Lowth, in this county, at the advanced age of 120 years, 11 months and 8 days. There can be no doubt of the reliability of this statement as the records of Virginia oe no doubt of the reliability of this statement as the records of Virginia, where she spent her early days in slavery, have been examined, and tentify to its correctness. Her mental faculties were unimpaired up to her death, and it may be of interest to know she was in possession of second sight, had a third set of natural teeth, and her hair was quite dark, having changed from white.

A DISCOVERY DISCOUNTED.

A Promising Test of Real Butter Over come by the Cuming of the Bogus Makers.

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 18.—It is announced here to-day that Prof. Weber, of the Chair of Agricultural Chemistry, State Univer-sity, has just made an important discovery in chemistry in connection with the microscopic tests to distinguish oleomarery in chemistry in connection with the microscopic tests to distinguish obcomargarine from butter. Recently, Dr. Thomas Taylor, of the Department of Agriculture, announced at a meeting of microscopists that butter placed under a microscopists that butter placed under a microscopists that butter placed under a microscopists that butter crystals marked by a plain cross, which could be found nowhere else. When the polarizer, or elenite is used with the microscope these butter crystals which are in reality only gioles of int, show four parts cach, two green and two yellow. The chemical test to distinguish between butter and olsomargarine is very delicate, the only difference between the two material matters appreciable to chemists being that butter contains a small amount of buttyric acid, which is lacking in the oleamargarine. The test is not always successful, and as the difference was likely to be wiped out by enterprising oleomargarine manufacturers. Dr. Taylor's discovery was heralded far and wide, and the test has been adopted wherever known. Prof. Webber has now discovered that the mixing of a little water and salt with the olemargarine, a process it always undergoes, causes the bogus butter to develop under the microscope exactly such crystals as are found in the legitimate article, and the same result can be obtained with pure tailow treated in like manner. This discovery destroys the usefulness of Dr. Taylor's discovery and strengthens the position of the oleomargarine manufacturers d venders.

WORK OF A MAD MAN.

Shoots Three Members of His Brother's Family, Then Fires a Valuable Barn and Flees to the Woods.

BLOOMINGTON, I.L., Feb. 18.—David Sholty, a lunatic, shot three members of his brother's family and burned the brother's barn, near Shirley, Ill. David Sholty has been demented for some years, but was not thought dangerous. Three days ago he disappeared, and his whereabouts was not disappeared, and his whereabouts was not known until this evening, when he was discovered in a grain-bin in his brother's (Levi Sholty) barn. Five men attempted to capture him, when he opened fire on them. The men fled to the barnyard and were pursued by the lunnatic. In the barn-yard he shot Levi Sholty in the breast, also Levi Sholty's wife, inflicting wounds in her neck, back and leg. He also shot Levi Sholty's seventeen-vear-old daughter. He then fired upon Allen McCoy, but the bullet went wide of its mark. Levi Sholty and his wife are thought to be fatally wounded, but the daughter is not. David Sholty, after emptying his revolver, returned and set fire to the barn and then fled to the timber. Officers have gone from this city to arrest him. The posse is now scouring the country for the lunatic. He is supposed to have a supply of ammunition, and it is feared more blood will be shed. The barn and contenta, which were totally destroyed, were worth \$10,000. Levi Sholty is an old resident of this country, and is quite wealthy.

IN THE CONVICTS FAVOR.

Remarkable Suit For Damages In a Ten-

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Feb. 18 .- An interesting case was decided in the Circuit Court this morning. Two years ago Wm. L. Smith was convicted of murder and sen-Smith was convicted of murder and sentenced to the penitentiary for two years. He was placed in the coal mines of the Knoxville Iron Company under the lease system. He was placed in a dangerous tunnel by the mine boss, and the roof fell in, breaking both legs and one arm making him a cripple for life. He sued the Knoxville Iron Company and Cherry, Morrow & Co., lessees of the State Penitentiary, for \$10,000 damagres. The case was on trial for over a week, and the jury returned a verdict for the full amount.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18.—For some time the Secret Service officials have made stremous efforts to locate a gang which was vigorously "shoving queer" half dollars and quarters in this city and vicinity. The counterfeiters were finally located at a rather unpretentious brick building on Jackson streetoccutious brick building on Jackson streetoccupied by Mrs. Molie Sullivan. This afternoon the officers quietly surrounded the house and a vigorous rap at he door and a demand for admittance caused the wildest commetton among the gang, but in an instant the door was opened by officers who had been secretly stationed inside the house. The counterfeiters, thus trapped, stood aghast, but were quickly placed under arrest and marched to the United States Court. Their names are Richard Harrigan, Dave Morrison and John McGuire. The mon and the woman Sullivan were all arranged before Commissioner Smith. McGuire pleaded quilty, and was at once remanded to jail without ball. His confederates, who pleaded "not guilty," were placed underbonds for a bearing. Twenty half-dollars and sixteen quarters all newly made, along with the dies, chemicals, and the entire outfit used in the manufacture of the bogus stuff were captured and taken to the marshal's office.

Indians May Not Sling Mail.

NEW OBLEANS, Feb. 18 - A special from Indian Territory says: Mrs. I. Adair has taken charge of the postoffice at Trile-quab, displacing John W. Stapler, who had change is occasioned by the decision of the Attorney General of the United States to the effect that Indians are ineligible for postmasters, not being citizens of the United States. Mrs. Adair is a white woman, the wife of a prominent Indian.

An ingenious Suicid*.

New Yonx, Feb. 18.—Jean Lobossoug, a French cook, was found d'ad this morning at his boarding house. No. 404 Fourth avenue. He had committed suicide by inhaling gas in an ingenious manner. The gas jet in one coiner or his bedroom was turned on full. Over the burner on the pipe was one end of an eight-foot rubber tube. This was run down the side of the wall, and on the other end of this tube was an iron pipe about a foot long. The rubber was coiled once around the body of the dead man and the iron pipe stuck in a smooth. Then over all this was placed the bed clothes and pillow. When found he had evidently been dead two days. He left a letter in French saying that he was tired of life and that he had been out of employment two weeks.

AERIAL NAVIGATION.

A Chicago Doctor Who Will Build a New Style of Air-Ship.

Incorporation of a Company to Test De Baussett's Vacuum Scheme.

tion were issued at Springfield yesterday for the Transcontinental Aerial Navigation Company of Chicago, to establish aerial transportation lines, the capital stock being \$150,000, and the incorporators Dr. Arthur De Baussest, Eugene Marguerat and Jules Lang. Mr. De Baussett is a Dr. Arthur De Baussett, Eugene Marguerat and Jules Lang. Mr. De Baussett is a French physician who has resided in Chicago for several years past, and has anade a study of serial navigation for over twenty-two years. Dr. De Bausett's object is to build an air ship, the length of which will be 174 feet; its width is to be 24 feet and its height 22 feet. The main cylinder will be 634 feet in length and 144 feet in diameter. It is expected to prove by the vacuum theory that it is possible to navigate the air by the laws of gravitation by overcoming the pressure of the atmosphere without filling it with hydrogen or other gas. It is intended to begin the work of building the ship in about two weeks, and it will be completed in about two months. Dr. De Baussett is confident that the search for the North Pole can be successfully accomplished by means of his air ship, which will be so arranged that it can be propelled over ice as well as through the air. He is in receipt of a flattering letter from the Smithsonian Institute concerning his invention, and is in communication with James Gordon Bonnett, of New York, in relation to making an exploration for the North Pole when the ship is completed.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Congressman Muller, of New York, to-day presented a petition signed by President Lillie, of the Labor League, and nearly a thousand others, praying for the prompt adjudicaothers, praying for the prompt adjudication of the claims of laborers employed by the Government for services rendered in excess of eight hours a day. The petition was referred to the Committee on Claims, Mr. Muller, on behalf of the Committee ou Claims, of which he is a member, subsequently conferred with Mr. O'Neill, Chairman of the Committee on Labor, where the question of allowances for time served in excess of eight hours since the enactment of the eight-hour law is also under consideration, and it was decided to arrange as soon as possible for a joint meeting of the two committees with a view to prepare a measure to cover all cases of claimants under the eight-hour law. Both Congressmen are deeply interested in the subject, and say they will use every endeavor to comply with the requests of the petitioners.

Another Chapter in a Great Horror.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., Feb. 19.-The sequel by David Sholty, the insane man of Shir ley, when he shot several members of his brother's family, and burned his brother's valuable barn is, that the demented man perished in the flames which he set. After perished in the flames which he set. After shooting Mrs. Sholty and her seventeen-year-old daughter, he climbed to the hay-mow, set fire to the building and then, instead of fleeing, as was thought, he held himself to the grain bin, where he was first discovered, and remained there until the flames overtook him. His charred and roasted remains were found in the debris of the burned building at daylight. He had a revolver and two shot guns which he had stolen from neighbors. He was forty-four years of age and unmarried. Lev! Sholty, it transpires, was not hurt, the buckshot cuttranspires, was not hurt, the buckshot cut-ting his cont only, but his wife received thirteen buckshot in her back, and is thought to be fatally injured.

LONDON, Feb. 19 .- As the result of a state. ment that a well known Baronet had assisted Hangman Berry in hanging the sisted Hangman Berry in hanging the three Netherby burglars, Sir Charles De Crespigny, in an interview to-day, admitted that he was the one alluded to. He said that as he would probably be sheriff he desired to gain experience in order that he might be prepared in case he should be obliged to achimself in the absence of the hangman. He slept in the prison during the night, cinionesi one of the culprits himself, and generally assisted Berry. The latter considers Sir Charles a placky individual who does his task well. Sir Charles appears to take a lively interest in his chosen calling.

A Dangerous Counterfeit Dollar-

La CROSSE, Wis., Peb. 19,-Trilor Henderson, of the La Crosse National Bank, has discovered a counterfeit silver dollar that is pronounced by all bank people in the city absolutely the most dangerous the city absolutely the most dangerous ever seen. It is a standard silver dollar of the coinage of 1881. The outside is silver, and the die in every substantial particular as clear as the original. It stands all microscopic tests. The only possible means of detection is by weight, it being exactly forty-seven grains short of the standard and estimated about forty-three grains short of the average.

London, Feb. 19.—Sir Charles Dilke's constituency, with but a handful dissenting, voted confidence in him. The Portuguese Ministry has resigned. Servia is guese Ministry has resigned. Servia is negotiating with Turkey for a union of Bosnia and Servia similar to that of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia. A Nihilist circular has been discovered which dooms to death certain prominent officials. The Chancery court has authorized the sale of the Blenheim gallery in June. Senor Canovas Del Castillo has been absolved by the Pope of all interdictions, and the Order of Christ is conferred upon him.

FIRE IN WILMINGTON, N. C.

Over \$1,500,000 Worth of Property Destroyed.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 21.—A destruc-tive fire occurred in the business portion of this city this afternoon. The loss will probably exceed \$1,500,000. The fire originated on the river steamer Bladen, cotton laden, which set fire to the wharf and sheds of the Clyde line of steamers. A high wind was blowing at the time and the fire-pread rapidly, sweeping away the business was blowing at the time and the fire pread rapidly, sweeping away the business houses on Water street for three blocks and many valuable residences on Front and Becond streets. Among the buildings destroyed were the first Methodist Church, the offices of the Aliantic Coast Line. the freight depots of the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta and the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Companies, the Champion Compress, two large grain mills, a sawmill, the offices and warehouses of A. Sprunt & Son, Worth & Worth, Kerchner & Caldner Bros., S. P. Shetler & Co., and the steamer River Queen and the schooner Holmes.

CALL FOR BONDS.

They Comprise Ten Million Dollars Three

Per Cents Maturing in April Next. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 20.-Secretary Manning this afternoon issued a call for \$10,000,000 three per cent. bonds of the issue \$10,000,000 three per cent. bonds of the issue of 1882, to mature April 1 next. The bonds are numbered as follows: Fifty dollars—Original 255 to original No. 237, both inclusive, and original No. 1,365 to original No. 1,365 to original No. 1,365, both inclusive, One Hundred Dollars—Original No. 2,148, both inclusive, and original No. 9,874 to original No. 9,874, both inclusive, and original No. 9,804 to original No. 9,879, both inclusive Five Hundred Dollars—Original No. 1,042 to original No. 1,082, both inclusive, and original No. 4,201 to original No. 4,309, both inclusive. One Thousand Dollars—Original No. 9,188, both inclusive, and original No. 23,588 to No. 22,653, both inclusive. Ten Thousand Dollars—Original No. 15,459 to No. 16,448, both inclusive. Total, \$10,000,000.

THE BURIED AT NANTICOKE. Fears That, After All, the Dead Miners May Not Be Reached.

WILEESBARRE, PA., Feb. 21.—The officers of the Susquehanna Coal Company are very much afraid that the men constituting very much afraid that the men constituting the recovering party at Slope No. 1 will, within the next twenty-four hours, quit work, as they have reached very close to the point of the cave in which there is great danger ahead. They have no means of escape should another rush of sand and rock come. Should they refuse to work it is probable that no other men can be found to take their places, therefore the twenty-six bodies of the miners who were entombed on December 15 will forever remain in the nit.

Sad and Peculiar Affliction.

Youngstown, O., Feb. 21.—Hattie Stan-ley, aged eight, daughter of Joseph Stan-ley, a blacksmith, is suffering with a dis-case that is attracting the attention of the medical fraternity. Two years ago the child, who possessed a bright intellect, was attacked with rheumatism affect-ing the heart to such an extent that it did not have sufficient vitality to send the arterial blood to the extremities. Her hands and feet have become lifeless, and the child is slowly dying with dry gargrene. The fingers of each hand up to the knuckles are black and withered, and her feet present a similar appearance. The child has suffered excruciating pains for the past fifteen months and looks for-ward to death as the only relief. The dis-ease is often met with in aged people, but this is the only one known of which the sufferer was so young. Youngstown, O., Feb. 21.-Hattie Stan'

Fatal Encounter with Desperadoes.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Feb. 21.-A Courier-Journal special says: "A fatal encounter took place near Pineville, Ky., between a took place near Pineville, Ky., between a man named Lane and five men named Turner, on Friday afternoon. There was an old feud existing between them. The Turners are celebrated as roughs and had men. They were in ambush, holing behind trees, when Lane came along the road, and they all fired upon him. Lane saw one of the Turners step from behind a tree, and shot him dead. Almost immediately afterwards Lane fell, his body being pierced by several bullets.

Frozen to Death in Michigan.

NEGAUNEE, MICH., Feb. 21 - Yesterday John Kennedy and a man named Ryan set out for a neighboring mine, about six miles out for a neighboring mine, about six miles away. Ryan was very thinly clad and soon began to suffer terribly from the intense cold. Kennedy took him on his shoulders and earried him for two miles, but his own sufferings and exhaustion compelled him to drop his burden. Almost dead himself he was barely able to find help, which arrived too late to rescue Ryan, whose dead body was found by the roadside. Kennedy will probably survive, although badly frozen.

A M ser's Miserable Death.

A M ser's Miserable Death.

Norristown, Pa., Feb. 21.—Henry Johnson, a backelor and hermit, about fifty years of age, living in East Perkiomen, this county, died yesterday, leaving considerable real estate and money. Johnson was so miserly that he would not allow himself the necessary comforts of life. During the recent cold weather his feet were so badly frozen that the soles of them became mortified and fell off. Other portions of his body were also badly frozen.

Four Men Drowned.

HARRISBURG, PA., Feb. 21.—Yesterday morning, while four men and a boy were at morning, while four men and a boy were attempting to cross the Susquehanna, the boat
capsized and the four men drewned. The boy
succeeded in climbed to the boat, and was
rescued about two miles below. The names
of the unfortunate men are as follows: John
and Frank Mast, aged eighteen and twenty,
respectively. Lewis Ditrich and Charles
Mathies. The lad who was saved was a son
of Mathies.

Mine Explosion.

Evanston, Wr., Feb. 21.—An explosion occurred in No. 3 mine at Almy yesterday, Fifteen men were burned, one severely. Nobody was killed. Forty men were in the mine. Fifteen days ago the men left the mire on account of gas, but were persuaded to go back. There was not gasenough to wreck the mine though the men were blown thirty feet. The fire lasted half a minute.

Beath of Ex-Sen tor Filsom.

HUMBOLDT, NEB., Feb. 21 .- Ex-Senator G. M. Filsom died while sitting in a chair on the steps of his house to-day. His age was sixty-six years.

XLIXTH CONGRESS.

First Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—SENATE.—A reply-from the Secretary of the Interior to a resolution calling for certain papers was received and referred. A number of petitions were presented. An amendment to the House bill to increase the pensions of coldiers widows was submitted. A billy as a few seconds. to increase the pensions of soldiers' widows was submitted. A bill was favorably reported ca ablishing two additional land districts in Nebraska. Mr. Hawley presented a bill looking to the taxation of lands granted to the Northern Pacific and by that company deeded to settlers. The Committee on Post-offices and Post Roads a ported favorably and the Senate passed a bill granting the franking privilege to Mrs. Julia B. Grant. A resolution was agreed to calling upon the Secre tary of the Interior for full information of the number, names and duties of special agents employed in land fraud cases. The consideration of the Blair educational bill was resumed and continued until 4:19 p. m., when the Senate went into executive session and at 4:25 p. m. adjourned.

House.—A resolution was reported require-

executive session and at 4:25 p. m. adjourned. HOUSE.—A resolution was reported requiring a detail of statement of the requirements of the Government in cities where it is proposed to extend the finit of cost for public buildings. Under the call of States, a number of bills were introduced and referred, including the Morrison tariff bill, an anti-chinese bill, and a bill granting a pension of \$5,000 a year to the widow of the late General Hancock. Mr. Little, of Ohio, offered a bill directing an inquiry into the propriety of publishing a revised edition of the medical and surgical history of the rebellion.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Senante.—A petition—

sample a revised edition of the medical and surgical history of the robellion.

Washington, Feb. 16.—Senate.—A petition of citizens of Savannah was presented praying for a repeal of the silver coinage act Senator Mason offered a resolution calling for certain information about District Attorneys in Virginia. A favorable report was made on the House bill authorizing the assignment by the Secretary of the Treasury of a cierk to act as Triasurer of the United States in the absence of the Treasurer or Assistant Treasurer. An amendment limiting the detail to sixty days was agreed to, and the bill recommitted for further amendment. The educational bill was then taken up. Jackson, Maxey, Blair and Hawley speaking.

House,—A resolution was adopted request-

to, and the bill recommitted for further amendment. The educational bill was then taken up, Jackson, Maxey, Blair and Hawley spoaking.

House.—A resolution was adopted requesting the Judiciary Committee to answer certain questions in reference to the law authorizing the Attorney General to bring suits to cancel patents. Mr. Bland's free coinage bill was adversely reported and placed on the calendar. A bill was reported from the Commerce Committee authorizing the construction of the B. & O. bridge across the Arthur kill, at New York. A bill was reported favorably to compel all vessels of the United States to carry mall when offered by U. S. officers. The bill authorizing the loan of the Government exhibits to the New Oricans Exposition was talked over the morning hour for the second time by its opponents. The Fits-John Porter bill was discussed by Wheeler for and Curcheon agrinst, until 5 o clock, when a recess was taken until? p. m. The night session was ordered to debate the Fits-John Porter case.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Senate.—Bills introduced: In aid of education in the States. Providing for the exection of a suitable monument at washington, D. C., to General U. S. Grant. The bill appropriates \$250,000 for the purposes indicated, and provides for a commission of three Scoutors and three members of the House of Representatives to contract for the monument. Referred. Bills passed: To authorize the increase of the capital stock of the Citizens' National Bank of Louisville, Ky., to a sum not exceeding one million dollars to provide for the settlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas. The bill providing for the seattlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Kansas. The bill providing for the seattlement of the estates of deceased Kickapoo Indians in the State of Ransas. The bill providing for the money and provides for the settlement of the estate set deceased to without debate providing that none of the money appropriation should be to reach and rundy the

tion of this money.

House. -Bills were reported granting the franking privilege to Mrs. Grant: accepting grant for the construction of the lilhoots and Missis ippl River Canal, and increasing the pension for deatness. Bills were passed providing allowances for money order clerks, reducing the charge for money orders, and notetoning homestend settlers. The Fits John Porter bill was debated by Kelley, Thomas, Curtin and Weber. At 3:10 p. m. the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18-SENATE.-A number of petitions were presented and referred. Among

John Porter bill was debated by Kelley, Thomas, Curtin and Weber. At 3:10 m. the House adjourned.

Washington, Feb. 18-Senate.—A number of putitions were presented and referred. Among these was one to abolish the Presidency. A report from the Judicleary Committee, with resolutions, was presented by Senator Edmunds, which condemned the action of the Attorney General in refusing certain papers called for, and declared it to be the duty of the Senate to withhold its advice and consent to proposed removal of officers in cases where papers are withheld. Consideration of the educational bill was resumed. Messrs. Ingalis and Coke opposed the messure, and Mr. Riddleberger supported it. Mr. Evarts took the Boor, when, on motion of Mr. Allison, the Senate was announced. House.—Mr. Findiay's appointment on the Banking and Currency Committee was announced. The Committee on Pacific Railroads reported a bill to compel the Pacific foads to pay the United States the amount part by it for sityfevints lands granted. The Atlantic and Pacific railroad land grant forfesture was considered until the expiration of the morning hour, when the Fitz John Petrer bill was taken up in committee of the whole Messrs, Pheps. of New Jersey, Curtin, Pennsylvania, Warner, Ohlo, and Braug, Wisconsin, spoke in favor of the bill, the latter closing the debate Mr. Cutcheon, of Michigan, spoke in opposition. A motion to recommit and strike out the salary clause was voted do wn—13 to 112. The bill finally passed—yeas, 171; nays, 112. At 5:15 p. m. the House adjourned.

Washingrow, Feb. 1.—Senate—An industry charter of the Record a review of the testimony in the Fitz John Porter case. A proposition by Mr. Weeler (Ala.), to print a resolution, was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. At 2 p. m. Mr. Evarts spoke on the Biair educational bill, being followed by Ingalis, Wilson and Harris The detate was closed by the atter for the day, and at 5:15 p. m. the Senate went into executive session, adjourned at 5:40 p. m. Mr. Evarts spoke on the Biair ed

The Greek fleet has gone to Euboea. GENERAL BOYES, Adjutant to Emperor William, of Germany, is dead.

The Meininger actors of London will abortly make a tour of America.

Tar infanta Eulalia is confined to her bed with an attack of sore throat, accompanied by fever. The date of her marriage, has been nectuoped.

bas been postponed.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

Proceedings of the Legislature.

Frankrort. Feb. 15.— Senate.—The Governor, in accordance with a request made by the General Assembly, sent in a copy of all contracts with Mason, Foard & Co., lessees of the penitentiary. A motion by Senator Boles that the documents be printed and referred to the Committee on Penitentiary was adopted. Mr. J. R. W. Smith offered a joint resolution providing for the appointment of two Senators and three Representatives to visit, examine and report upon the conditions of the various asylume in the State. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Charitable Institutions. The Senate took up the discussion of the House poison bill. It requires that all preparations of morphine and opium shall be inclosed in a package with scarlet wrapper, with the name of the preparation printed in plain white letters, a picture of a skull and cross bones, and the word "poison." No objection was made to the bill and it was passed. Senator Harris bill providing for the management of the Penitentiary received a little attention, but the subject was postponed until to-morrow, and the Senate adjourned.

House.—The Senate resolution that the Sonate and House go into joint session Thursday morning at E o'clock to elect a Public printer and binder. After debate the resolution was adopted. Mr. Besweil has before the Committee on Judiciary a bill giving to a physician of sofility will undertake work of the character for so small a fee. Mr. Bosweil thick sthey ought to be paid \$100. The House Committee on Ciminal Laws has agreed to report unanimously in favor of the passage of the Senate bill declaring the keeping of a gambling house to be a felony.

Frankrorer, Feb. 16.—Senate.—Bills passed: Resolution inquiring whether the Attorners.—General had instituted aut a surface and Rankrorer.—Bills passed: Proceedings of the Legislature

committee on Criminal Laws has agreed to report unanimously in favor of the passage of the Senate bill declaring the keeping of a gambling house to be a felony.

Frankrout, Feb. 16.—Senate.—Bills passed: Resolution inquiring whether the Attorney-General had instituted suit against Raiph Sheldoo, late Register of the Land Office, and if so, as to all facts connected therewith. Bill to amend and reduce into all acts relating to the town of Carreville, in Livingston County. Bill to amend and reduce into one all acts in relation to the town of Earlington, Hopkins County. Bill to amend the charter of the Central Passenger Railroad Company, of Louisville. Bill to prohibit the sale of liquors in one mile of Mayleld, Graves County. The Senate agreed to House amendments to the following: Bill incorporating the Paducah and Illinois Bridge Company. Resolutions in regard to asking Federal appropriation for locking and damming Licking river.

Hotse—The Straus bill to require the counties to support their own panper idiots came up, and was discussed at leasth. Mr. Myers offered an amendment which was adopted, requiring the city of Covington to maintain the idiots living within its limits, and the county of Kenton pay for those living within its limits outside of Covington. Mr. Neshitt's substitute requirit the State to pay 500 for each idiot, instead of \$75 now paid, and the counties nothing, was voted down. Mr. Thompson's substitute reducing the appropriation from \$75 per year to \$86 per year for each idiot, instead of \$75 now paid, and the counties nothing, was voted down. Frankroat, Peb. 17.—Senate.—Mr. Harris offered a joint resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate the charges relating to the Eastern Lumnic Asylum. Adopted. Senator Hays: It also provides for a joint committee, and emoswered it to report a bill for solving the appropriative on militee to investigate the charges against his morality. Bad chart of Senator Hays. It also provides to a point committee and emorale as also the competed of thr

Compel withesses to answer all questions. The Se nate granted both requests, and the investigation will proceed, although the committee first appointed had agreed to report that the charges were without foundation. Senators Neat, Clay and Frederick were added to the committee.

House,—Mr. Thompson offered a resolution that the session of the Legislature be extended be out the constitutional limit of 60 days. Quite a number of resolutions providing for affornoon and evening sessions were also offered. All the resolutions were referred to the Committee on Rules. Bills introduced: Fixing salaries as follows: Governor, \$4.00; Secretary of State \$1.200; private secretary to the Governor, \$400; private secretary to the Governor, \$400; clerk in Treasurer's office, \$1.00; the Governor, \$400; ludges of the Courton, \$4.00; judges of the Common school laws. It proves that in addition to the tax now raised by law for common school laws. It proves that in addition to the tax now raised by law for common school purposes, a head tax of \$2 on each voter in the State shall be imposed and collected.

Frankfort, Feb. 18.—Senate.—Mr. Frederick, of the Committee on Agricultures and Manufacture, reported favorably on the Govers or's nominees of trustees for the Agricultural and Mechanical College. These trustees are J. D. Clancy, Christian County, L. D. Bradford, Kenton County, and R. S. Spurr, of Fayette County. The report was adopted, Mr. Wallace moved to reconsider the bill which was passed some time ago, making the war. The resolution was referred to the Committee on February 28. Mr. Martin offered a resolution of Senator Burnishable by confluence in the service of the United States during the war. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations. Senator Harris' build extend to proceed the moved that the north of Senator Burnishable by confluence of attention, and several special order for Fabruary 28. Mr. Martin offered a resolution of Senator Burnishable by confluence makes to receive pay for siaves impressed

of a constitutional majority.

House—Phil Thompson's resolution to prolong the session of the Legislature called forth a number of speeches this morning. A call of the House was ordered for the purpose of voting on the resolution, the constitution providing that a two-thirds majority shall be necessary. The roll-call, before locking the doors showed \$6\$ members present. In view of that large number the further call was dispensed with. Mr. Blakey withdrew his amendment fixing the fittenday limit, and the vote was taken on Mr. Thompson's resolution, which was passed by a vote of 70 to 23.

FHANKFORT, Feb. 19.—GENATE—The peni-

Thompson's resolution, which was passed by a vote of 16 to 23.

Frankfort, Feb. 19.—Senare.—The penitentiary bills were called up, and after considerable wrangling all the substitutes and amendments were voted down, and then the Harris bill was passed. It allows Warden South his back salary from the time. It was removed, and gives absolute power to the commissioners to remove the warden and other officers. The House resolution to indefinitely extend the present session was taken up and lost for the want of the constitutional two-thirds vote. Eight senators were absent, and when they return the resolution will probably be adopted.

House.—In the House a number of private bills were passed.

Miscellaneous Items.

PERRY JENKING got two years for per-jury, and Warren Gilbert the same for robbery; at Nicholasville.